

"Beatrice," AND HIS MASTERPIECE.
BEGINS IN THE NEXT
H. RIDER HAGGARD, SUNDAY
POST-DISPATCH

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

WHERE
ALL THE NEWS
—WAS—
TO BE FOUND

VOL. 41.—NO. 70.

ST. LOUIS, WEDNESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 1, 1890.

PRICE
BY CARRIE, TW

THE GRAND MONEY-SAVING AND STOCK-TAKING SALE OF D. CRAWFORD & CO. IS NOW IN FULL BLAST AT THE GREAT BROADWAY BAZAAR NO SUCH BARGAINS IN BLANKETS, COMFORTS, CLOAKS, FLANNELS, SKIRTS, DRESS GOODS, UNDERWEAR, ETC., HAVE EVER BEFORE BEEN OFFERED THE PUBLIC OF ST. LOUIS.

The money-saving people of this city should have the undisputed and undeniable fact deeply engraved on their minds that it is physical and a moral impossibility for any other store to

Sell Dry Goods, Etc., as Cheaply as Does D. Crawford &
READ THE PRICES, NOTE THE REDUCTIONS AND BUY AT ONCE. NO TIME TO LOSE.

Black Dress Goods

At 35c—60 pcs Henrietta, blue and jet blacks, worth 50c.

At 45c—40 pcs 40-inch Mohair Brillantes, very lustrous; worth 60c.

At 50c—10 pcs 54-inch Habit Cloth, extra fine; worth 55c.

At 75c—20 pcs silk-finish Henrietta, extra good value; worth 90c.

At \$1—15 pcs 40-inch silk warp Henrietta, the best makes; worth \$1.25.

COLORED DRESS GOODS.

At 12½c—50 pieces double width Henrietta Bordure Suiting, in the newest shades; regular price 20c.

At 15c—65 pieces imported Plaids and Stripes, all-wool filling, latest designs; worth 25c.

At 25c—75 pieces 36-inch extra fine Henrietta Cloth in 27 shades, including all the novelty shades; made to sell for 35c.

At 40c—45 pieces 38-inch all pure wool French Foule Serges, full line of shades; selling everywhere at 50c.

At 50c—65 pieces 40-inch fine quality French Marguerite Cloth, silk finished, all shades; made to sell for 75c.

HOSIERY.

150 doz. Ladies' fine fancy striped cotton Hose at 10c a pair, worth 15c.

100 doz. Ladies' fine black rib seamless Hose at 15c a pair; worth 25c.

75 doz. Ladies' fine all-wool black cashmere Hose at 20c a pair; worth 35c.

100 dozen Ladies' guaranteed sanitary black fleece-lined Hose at 15c a pair or 3 pair for \$1.

65 dozen Ladies' genuine imported English cashmere Hose, ribbed, in black only, at 60c a pair; worth 85c.

SKIRTS.

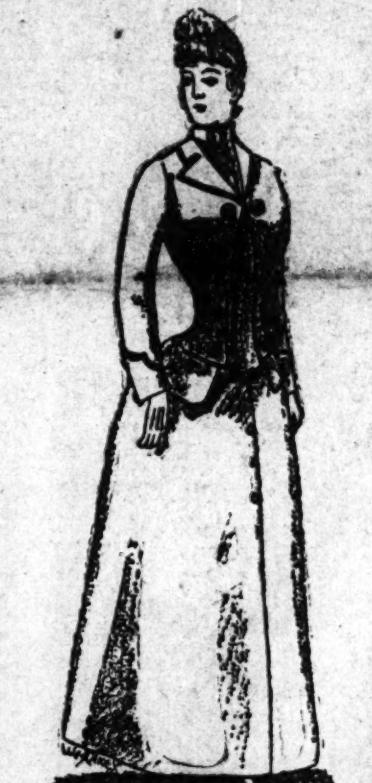
25 dozen quilted Farmer's Satin Skirts, canton flannel lined, at \$1.15, \$1.40, \$1.75 and \$2.25; reduced from \$1.35, \$1.75, \$2.25 and \$3.

30 dozen Bavarian Knit Wool Skirts, imported, \$1.50; reduced from \$1.75 and \$1.85.

20 dozen extra Cloth Skirts at \$1.15, \$1.35, \$1.75 and \$2; reduced from \$1.35, \$1.60, \$2.25 and \$2.50.

10 dozen quilted black Alpaca Skirts, extra quality, \$1.85, \$2.25 and \$2.75; reduced from \$2.25, \$2.75 and \$3.50.

100 dozen 10-4 all-wool Skirt Patterns, \$1.25, \$1.35, \$1.50, \$1.75, and \$2.50; reduced from \$1.50, \$1.85, \$2.25, \$2.50 and \$3.



BLANKE

95 pairs heavy white keta, 11-4 size, at \$3.50 were \$4.50.

75 pairs white Blar all wool and fine g. pair; reduced from

100 pairs extra fine keta, Australian wool at \$5.75 per pair; re \$7.25.

36 pairs very fine California Blankets at \$8 regular \$10.50 goods.

33 pairs white Austra. Blankets, extra choice \$10.50 per pair; reduced

COMFOR

12 bales full size Bed go. "heavy goods, at \$1 reduced from \$1.50.

5 bales extra new size Bed Comforts at \$ reduced from \$1.90.

9 bales fine Sateen Bed all choice patterns and lined, at \$1.50 each; reg \$2.

3 bales extra fine French Comforts, all new designs fine goods, at \$2.25 ea. worth \$3.

3 bales Bed Comforts, n. centers, extra rich design French Sateen, at \$3.75 price elsewhere \$5.

GENTS' UNDERWEAR

100 doz Men's heavy Soot Shirts or Drawers, all six each or 75c a suit; worth \$

50 doz Gents' extra fine Merino Shirts or Drawers, a at 50c each; worth 80c.

75 doz Gents' heavy S. Wool Shirts or Drawers, each; worth \$1.25.

100 doz Gents' extra fine Sanitary Gray Shirts or Dr. all sizes 28 to 46, at \$1.25 worth \$1.75.

75 doz Gents' extra fine Hair Shirts or Drawers, all at \$1.35 each; worth \$2.

LADIES' UNDERWEAR

50 doz Ladies' heavy Jersey Vests, with high long sleeves, sizes 1, 2, 3, 29c each; worth 50c.

75 doz Ladies' heavy Merino Pants, at 35c a pair \$1; worth 65c.

Ladies' extra fine all-wool Rib Vests, at 35c each; \$1.50.

75 doz Ladies' fine all-wool Gray Vests or Pants, all at \$1 each; worth \$1.50.

65 doz Ladies' extra fine Wool Jersey Rib Vests, white, Pink and Blue, at \$1.50.

\$18.50.

FOR \$12.50.
Ladies' Seal Plush Sacque, with seal ornaments, as in the above cut, for

Reduced from \$8.50 and \$9.

A very cheap, stylish and serviceable garment.

Ladies' Newmarkets, Astrachan collar and cuffs, blacks, browns and greens, only

\$4.00.

Reduced from \$8.50 and \$9.

Ladies' Seal Plush Wraps, trimmed all around with spiked trimming, quilted satin lining, chamois pockets,

\$6.50.

Ladies' Seal Plush English Walking Jackets, satin-lined, cost sleeves, for

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IT IS VETOED.

Mayor Noonan Disapproves of the Branham - Johnson - Hardy Gas Bill.

His Decision Made Public in the Last Moments of 1889.

Reasons for the Veto Withheld by the City's Executive—The Publication Last Night of Bit of Sentiment—Gas the Sole Topic of Conversation at the Mayor's Reception To-Day—Congratulations on the Disapproval of the Bill Numerous and hearty—Demise of the St. Louis Gas-Light Co.—"We Nothing to Say, Reporter."

The gas bill was unconditionally vetoed last night by Mayor Noonan. Shortly after midnight, while the whistles, bells and small boys were making night hideous over the advent of the New Year, the outside world was informed in the following brief notice, forwarded to all newspaper offices, that the gas robbers had been foiled in their attempt to loot the City Treasury.

**EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
MAYOR'S OFFICE, ST. LOUIS,
NEW YEAR'S EVE, 11:45 P. M., 1889.**

To the Press and People of St. Louis:

I have just vetoed the new gas bill. Haynes and Johnson, the authors of the bill, are a relief to many of our citizens to know it is New Year's day and not them in suspense until Thursday. Respectfully,

E. A. NOONAN, Mayor.

That was all he had to say about it. He gave no reasons for his action, and made no criticisms of the bill, its manner of passing the Assembly, nor of any feature of it. He simply said he had vetoed it and that was all there was to it. As far as could be learned he had not consulted with any one about the measure and depended entirely upon his own judgment in the matter. It is certain, nevertheless, that he felt the public pulse by reading very carefully every article upon the subject which appeared in the newspapers.

MATOR NOONAN
was found at his house this morning by a Post-DISPATCH reporter, and asked what he had to say about his action. His reply was to put forward my decision as the only answer: I will not go into any discussion of the Council or the Assembly, or of the arguments which were advanced in favor of the bill. I send in a veto message nor will I discuss my reasons for my action. I voted the bill because I thought it was the best thing to do in the interest of the city. I studied the whole case carefully, and as I promised to do, I read every line of written material which I could find. I have done what has to be done and will stand upon my decision without any further argument." However, during the reception at the Mayor's house, the reporter asked him a question by all of the officials, and the Mayor there in his speech the Mayor outlined more definitely his position on the subject and the reason why he had vetoed the bill at the time and in the manner he did.

THE NEW CALL
of the city came up yesterday and Mrs. Noonan was a success in spite of the very bad weather. At half past ten o'clock to-day the various officials began to gather at the Franklin Hotel, 20th and Locust, between 13th and 14th streets, and Cass avenue preparatory to going in a body to the Mayor's house. In spite of all efforts to conceal the fact it could be seen from the outside that the bill had been passed, and it was the most important incident in the minds of the officials.

The first to arrive in the rendezvous was Recorder of Deeds, A. Hobbs, who was making as much noise as usual.

By two and three the rest dropped in, followed by Sheriff, City Engineer, and five of the members of the Council being among the first to arrive. He was immediately chaffed about the gas bill and the most popular was not the gas bill but the post vault. The crowd was very good natured, as was Mr. Nolker, who kept them well supplied with cigars. After half past eight the party dispersed, and the suggestion of Park Commissioner Klemm about half of those present went to that part of the street where a keg was constantly on tap, and drank. As soon as the drunkards returned the officials marched two by two to the Mayor's house.

There were there W. A. Hobbs, Recorder of Deeds; J. P. Howland, Commissioner of Supplies; Jos. E. Brown, City Auditor; Michael O'Callahan, City Clerk; John Lindsey, City Clerk of Fire Department; John A. Sison, City Councilman; Anton Heubler, Chief of Police; Leavenworth Bell, City Commissioner of Public Works; City Treasurer; John A. Stevenson, City Comptroller; Jack Campbell, Captain of Police, Wm. Mc Clelland, Police Inspector; Richard Klemm, Park Commissioner; W. W. Williams, Recorder of Voters; Henry Flad, President of the Board of Public Improvements; M. A. Holman, Water Commissioner; George Bush, Street Commissioner; J. J. McMaha, Sewer Commissioner; Thomas J. Furk, Building Commissioner; Ernest Lindner, Fire Commissioner; Fred Alman and Foltz, Telegraph; Andrew Riley, Inspector of Weights and Measures; John N. Frank, Coroner; Joseph Wherry, City Register; John C. H. Smith, City Health Commissioner; Health Commissioner. The whole delegation walked to the Mayor's house, where they were cordially received by Mrs. Noonan, who had prepared a hearty meal for the body. The officials grouped themselves about the parlors and discussed the Mayor's action on the gas bill, until within a few minutes later when the door opened.

AUDITOR JOSEPH BROWN

made the following address: "Mr. Mayor and Mrs. Noonan—We have come this evening to pay our respects to you not in an officious capacity, but simply as citizens, regardless of party affiliations, for we represent not only nearly every department of the city government, but largely of both political parties.

On this occasion we are all Democrats and all Republicans; the other words, we are not in the same political party, but nevertheless of the city of St. Louis, and in which we know, Mr. Mayor, you will heartily join us.

We sincerely congratulate you on the course you have taken in the consideration of the "Branham gas bill," so called, not that we think the city should own her own gas works, but not the city should have light at the least possible cost, but that if that should be deemed advisable, the city is bound to be able to provide them, by entering into doubtful contracts, hurried through the Council with indecent haste, and in view of the present transition state as between the two mayors, a question whether it is better to ignore the contract for lighting the city until the most question of superiority in quality and character of the gas has been settled; for a "burned child dreads the fire," and St. Louis has just emerged out of the period of a grinding monopoly, that held the city and the country in its iron grip for twenty years through a fifty years exclusive charter, without limit as to the price of gas. But, Mr. Mayor, your recent action in vetoing the Branham bill satisfies the public that the interest of the city are in your hands. We are not here in the interest of any party or of any individual, but simply as citizens, now or may come before you, for we have perfect confidence that you will decide any and all questions that may come before you without fear or favor, and in your judgment

for the best and highest interest of the city. If it would not think so, we would not be here today.

We desire to say to you that we will do all in our power to aid and assist you in that which is for the highest interest of the city and its material progress, and we feel assured that we will have your hearty cooperation as we proceed in the right road.

That a broad and liberal policy, free from all jobs or entanglements of whatever kind, is necessary for the upbuilding of a large city is a fact which we all know, consequently great responsibilities must be taken, for inaction in matters connected with a large city would be disastrous to the city.

Therefore, while the responsibility is great the honor is also great in discharging these important trusts with an unbiased judgment which we have given confidence you will bring to bear, judging from your antecedents, which is the best and surest guarantee known to exist.

John Sison, Mr. John Sison, we offer to extend our congratulations on this, the first day of the new year, knowing that the deep interest you feel, not only in our business, but in the public welfare, gives you that feel in the integrity and advancement of your gifted husband, now on the high road to success. I can assure you to whom I write, with your sympathy and counsel, for it is said that a woman's intuition is often far more searching than a man's judgment, that you will bring to bear, judging you both, a happy and prosperous New Year.

Augustine Brown's very pointed reference to the bill as being "a good bill" to go around the assemblage, and all looked at John Sison, the Councilman, who was the only man in favor of the bill, was a good sign, and a good omen.

And his final words in his speech the Mayor replied to him in his usual easy and direct manner. Miss Zena Noonan, his daughter, was seated near him, and she was smiling. Noonan was seated near by. He began by stating his gratification at the honor conferred upon him by the visit of the officials, and that he hoped it would prevail for and on behalf of those present, a happy and prosperous New Year.

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Another mandatory act was approved February 28, 1885, reorganizing the company, reducing the capital stock of the company (now \$1,000,000) to \$1,000,000, to the amount of the company's assets, real, personal or mixed, but not for any other purpose or in any manner whatsoever; nor for a period exceeding three years.

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patch,

SHING CO.,

resident:

DAILY.

every afternoon and

5:00

2:00

all by carriages..... 20

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Any person who shall sell or to sale or cause to be sold or to keep or shall keep on hand for purposes of sale, or shall advertise for OR WHO SHALL PRINT PUBLISH SUCH ADVERTISEMENT, or shall aid or assist in the preparation or the exposure to sale of any lottery or tickets, or any share or part of a lottery, in the nature of a lottery, this State or elsewhere, and person who shall advertise or to be advertised, the drawing up scheme, in any lottery, OR IN ADVERTISEMENT, and be convicted thereof in any of competent jurisdiction, and every such offender pay a sum not exceeding \$25 of Art. 8,

JANUARY 1, 1890.

TO-NIGHT.

Little Pack."

"Well."

Novelty Co.

forecast for twenty-four hours at 8 a.m. to-day, for St. Louis: night; much colder to-morrow.

has only done his duty as bill.

or's veto makes a good beginning new year.

the boudoirs and ring in honor City Hall.

station, Where is the loophole in latest warrant? offers opportunity an interesting guessing contest.

idence of weakening as to BURKS of the State Railroad Commission may be taken as evidence that getting wisdom from experience.

charges reflecting on the entire of this city in connection with scandal have been made fibers SCULLY and DANAHER, police Board investigate them or allow them to go the way of all evil incidents arising out of the violations?

ed States Treasury closed the leaving the money market," it is that it interfered with the Wall street gamblers, and gamblers who had sold stocks not own from squeezing the who had bought stocks that intended to pay for.

VIGHT of the New York Court is decided the new law, prosecution of criminals by institutional. As the point in the case of condemned LER, a subject is ready to the efficiency of the expected in the new

places the num- stracted during years since tion of over average.

ad

between cutting off the salaries of politicians or depriving the children of education or the poor of bread, the politicians must be considered first.

THE CITY'S RECORD.

It is impossible for St. Louisans who have read the reviews of various branches of local trade which have appeared in the Post-DISPATCH not to look forward to the year which opens to-day with strong confidence that it will mark unparalleled advancement in the growth of St. Louis.

The year just passed has brought to St. Louis remarkable progress in everything which tends to the building up of a populous and prosperous commercial center. An advance has been noted along the entire line of business activity. The manufacturers have enlarged their industries to accommodate increased demands. The wholesale merchants and jobbers in every line of trade have extended their territories and increased their sales in former territories. The retail merchants have never enjoyed such unbounded prosperity. The advertising columns of the Post-DISPATCH, which have compelled the repeated enlargement of the paper, tell the story of brisk and profitable trade. The increasing size and magnificence of the retail emporiums corroborate this evidence. The absence of failure and the proof of sound financial standing clinch the fact. There never was such activity in building nor such remarkable improvement in the style of buildings. Under the influence of progressive ideas and methods St. Louis has become a city of splendid, well-swept, well-sprinkled streets and of magnificent edifices. Investments in real estate and city property of all kinds have been enormous and increased prices attest growing values and increased demand.

But much that has been accomplished during the past year has been in the way of foundation for future growth. A new bridge is nearly completed over the Mississippi, offering another outlet and inlet for commerce. Another good railroad system has entered the city and brought it into communication with new cities and sections of the country. Increased terminal facilities have been assured the transportation interests and have opened wider the gates of the city. Improved methods of street transportation giving promise of rapid transit in all directions have been adopted.

Altogether the past year has been one of remarkable achievement for St. Louis, which, rich as it is in actual results, is richer in promise. There is good ground for the expectation that the World's Fair will add a crowning victory to the work of the present year.

BECK ON ALLISON.

Senator BECK of Kentucky has been recognized for twenty-two years past as one of the strongest leaders and foremost fighters for the Democrats in Congress. If he is not entitled to advise the Democrats of Iowa against helping to elect some other Republican over ALLISON, then no Democrat in the whole land is qualified to advise them.

During those twenty-two years BECK and ALLISON have served together on committees in both houses and as leaders of the Western contingent of their respective parties, and BECK knows better than any living man the real value of the services ALLISON has rendered in defeating extreme measures favored by the Eastern leaders of both parties, and in uniting Western members of both parties to pass bills over the opposition of Republican Cabinets and the vetoes of Republican Presidents.

Senator BECK says WILLIAM B. ALLISON is a statesman; that the Iowa Legislature should rescue itself by putting any other Republican in his place, and that, if the Iowa Democrats have not completely lost their senses, they will not share the responsibility for any such blunder, but will let the Republicans have it all to themselves.

The hardest worker and the hardest bargainer on the Western side of Congress for the last twenty-two years, BECK speaks as one who knows the inside history of Congressional struggles, and as one who has a shrewd forecast of the contests that are to come, and doubtless he knows several so-called Democratic Senators whom he could better spare from the Senate than WILLIAM B. ALLISON.

The fact that more business failures have occurred in this country during the past year than in any of the five preceding years need not be taken to indicate any lack of general prosperity or productive energy. Business activity frequently stimulates speculation to the danger point, and failures result. But it is significant that many failures have occurred in industries affected by the production of materials entering into manufacture. The New England manufacturers are now complaining that they are being ruined by the duties on raw materials. Protection is an opportunity to big profits for a few men, but a failure to many men. The large of failures during the year of trial protection contains a lesson for

Portugal, who has just elaborate ceremony, if fortunate if he is crowned through a fair undertaking the busi- a time when it is ex- and dangerous. The Portuguese have def- with an ease which That this may

prompt the Portuguese to try to get rid of their King before many years have passed is extremely likely. No one doubts that if they seriously try to depose CARLOS they will succeed and no one knows this better than CARLOS himself.

MIKE MCDONALD, since his release from the penitentiary, has sought to rehabilitate himself as a Democratic leader in Chicago by means of a new secret oath-bound organization for the control of nominations and appointments. The Democratic papers of Chicago call this organization the "Clan-na-Mike," and warn the Democrats that they must sit down it heavily or expect the majorities they built up in Chicago while MIKE was in the "pen" to vanish like a morning mist.

The kind of politicians who need the support of such organizations generally serve their party best when they are in the penitentiary.

THERE is something mysterious about the illness of the Czar of Russia. It has been given out that the Czar had the influenza, that he had a relapse, that he was poisoned by the nihilists, that his illness is the result of fright caused by the sudden extinction of the electric lights in the Gatchina palace. These embrace the principal rumors to the present time, and the public must take its choice of them. The suppression of the facts about the Czar leads to the suspicion that the nihilists are active again.

How do the people of Maryland like the statement of Senator GORMAN that the Australian ballot system may do for Massachusetts, but it will not suit Maryland? Are the people of Maryland less able to exercise independence in voting than the people of Massachusetts, or are honesty and purity in elections less desirable in Maryland than in Massachusetts? Senator GORMAN seems to have slandered his State vilenly.

ALL the gains the Republicans made in Missouri under CLEVELAND's handling of the Federal patronage may disappear as the Virginia gains and their Ohio and Iowa majorities disappeared under HARRISON's handling of the patronage. The elements for as big a Republican kick as that which buried MAHONE under an adverse majority of 45,000 are abundant in Missouri.

SPAIN now has 25,000 nuns in cloisters.

SAM JONES has a reputation for shrewdness, but he couldn't keep his 17-year-old daughter from sloping.

In the devil got the advantage of Eve in the Garden of Eden it was because she was inexperienced. There would be a different tale to tell these days.

Mrs. COX, widow of the late S. S. Cox, has returned to the Sultan of Turkey the orders and decorations which that genial potentate conferred upon her late husband.

BELLAMY, the author of "Looking Backward," has been looking forward and predicting a coming time when there shall be "no tariffs, no race issue, no inter-temperance, no labor question, no poverty." As well predict a time when there will be no human folly or weakness, no bad weather, no crop failures, no influenza and no politicians.

IT is charged by Lottery Agent DREXLER that Officer SCULLY said "that the police did not want to break up lottery, but merely wanted to make a little money out of it." The Police Board cannot refuse to investigate this plain charge without stultifying themselves.

Harrison's Hatred of Judge Gresham, Washington Letter to the Philadelphia Record.

The proscription of Judge Gresham and his political friends by the present Administration is, perhaps, not remarkable, considering the difference between them. Gresham is everything politically that Harrison is not, and, besides, even Harrison's success does not greatly mitigate Harrison's feeling of resentment at the opposition of the Gresham men in Indiana to his nomination and election. I confess I never expected to see Harrison rise to the height of magnanimity necessary to the appointment of Gresham to the Supreme Bench. But I confess that I was surprised when I learned that the Gresham proscription extended beyond his political supporters and took in also his personal friends and relatives in his election.

The latest instance of this is the removal of Mrs. Gresham's brother, Maj. Thomas McGraw of Indiana, from the position of Chief of the Bureau of Comptroller of the Currency. A gray-haired Union soldier, an able and accomplished gentleman, and admitted to be one of the best division chiefs in the Treasury Department, he was also the brother of Judge Gresham's wife, and so he had to go. No reason was given for his dismissal. No good reason could have been given.

Advice to Public Men.

From Kate Field's Washington.

We ought to establish in the United States a school of deportment for public men. And the first motto I should hang up over the door would be: "Don't sit on your spine!" I couldn't help thinking of that I sat in the House of Representatives the other day, and the Chief Justice delivered his oration. In marked contrast the President and Mr. Blaine, followed by the other secretaries, and sat down in the first row of the gallery, and the second. That is what it is called. Within five minutes every mother's son of them, with perhaps one exception, had slid down so that his body was supported by his shoulder-blades and the small of his back. The Justices of the Supreme Court followed, and down they went in the same way. So did the rest of the dignitaries, as heavy after boxy filed in. In contrast with them, there sat the foreign Ministers and the delegates to the two international conferences, as upright as ramrods.

Toryism Survives.

From the New York WORLD.

The Tories even called Washington a usurper and professed to live in dread of his military dictatorship. It took seven years of hard fighting and considerable bankruptcy to secure independence for this country, but it came at last. The descendants of the old Tories in this country now deprecate the overthrow of the monarchy in Brazil. They denounce the Provisional Government as a military usurpation, bemoan the rise in exchange, the increase in the price of rubber and the general disturbance of business. But this be unto the spirit of liberty, which everywhere fills the world, the last Emperor has perched upon a throne in Brazil. The last ruler by divine right has gathered taxes from that people. Long live to the Brazilian Republic!

Disposing of the Colored Surplus.

From the Philadelphia Inquirer.

There is one direction by which the surplus colored population of the South might be diverted elsewhere, to the advantage of the South, the blacks and the North. In the Mid-

die and New England cities and towns there is a great scarcity of household labor, and in the country a similar scarcity of farm labor. The South is overrun with swarms of worthless household servants. If schools were established for making these efficient cooks, chambermaids and nurses, the North would take the entire supply. Gradually, they would be followed by their male relations, who would find in the North plenty of farm work to which they are accustomed, and those who came would have the means of support awaiting them. The change would be a natural and gradual one, and more likely to be successful on that account than any abrupt and artificial movement.

MIKE MCDONALD.

MARK TWAIN's income is \$30,000 a year.

MEISSONIER, the famous artist, is suffering from the grip.

PRINCE BISMARCK is said to have the desire to write a play before he dies.

MR. HUGH FARRELL McDERMOTT, the poet and well-known newspaper writer, is very sick with heart trouble.

THE ex-Emperor of Brazil is a member of the Paris Academy of Sciences under the name of Dom Pedro de Alcantara.

CYRUS W. FIELD of New York says that he loaned Henry W. Grady the money with which he purchased his interest in the Atlanta Constitution.

THE day before Christmas Mr. John W. Mackay presented all the employees of the Commercial Cable Co. with a half month's salary each. The total amount was \$15,000.

ADVISERS of Mr. Joel Chandler Harris, of "Uncle Remus" fame, will be interested to learn that he is to succeed the late Henry W. Grady as editor of the Atlanta (Ga.) Constitution.

SIR OSCAR JENNINGS, the noted English physician, says that quinine and antipyrine will cure the influenza. The quinine kills the microbe and the antipyrine destroys the pain. He calls it gripe "a bastard pulmonary rheumatism."

MR. LABOURER, the editor of London Truth, has this year again received 10,000 new sixpences from the anonymous benefactor who has for so many years made his annual offering to the poor children in the London work-houses, work-shops, schools and institutions.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 31.—My hope for the new year is a comprehensive one and covers the workings of this whole department.

I include an effectual eradication of disease affecting our live stock, an efficient system of meat inspection, which will utterly expose the sanitary plan under which foreign countries obstruct our meat export trade.

I hope for a system of a very simple, safe, and easily understood coinage which will help our farmers to obtain a supply of coins.

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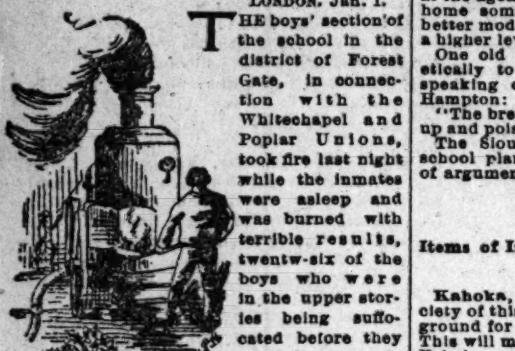
WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 3

NEW YEAR'S HORROR

Burning of a Pauper Boys' School in London.

Twenty-six of the Inmates Perish in the Flames.

The Fire Caused by an Overheated Stove—Miss Caldwell Makes Another Match with Prince Murat—The Czar's Illness—Collision Between Steamers—Russia and the Pope—Inauguration of Dublin's New Lord Mayor—Lord Salisbury's Illness—Destruction of the Royal Palace at Leeken, Belgium—Foreign News.



LONDON, Jan. 1.—The boys' section of the school in the district of Forest Gate, in connection with the Whitechapel and Poplar Unions, took fire last night while the inmates were asleep and was burned with terrible results, twenty-six of the boys who were in the upper stories being suffocated before they could be rescued.

Fifty-eight other boys were safely taken from the burning building amid terrible excitement. Two of the matrons of the institution escaped in safety by sliding down the water pipes. Several of the boys escaped in the same way. The superintendent of the school repeatedly rushed through the flames and brought out a number of inmates.

There were 800 persons in the institution. The bodies of those who were suffocated were carried to the main hall of the building, which was still profusely decorated with Christmas greens. The fire was caused by an overheated stove. The female department, in which were 22 girls, was not touched. The boys retired last evening in high spirits, having been promised presents and a New Year's fete to-day. The scenes in the main hall, where the bodies of the dead boys lie, are harrowing. Relatives and school friends who perished are laid in their lamentation.

ONSET OF THE FIRE.—Further reports of the fire show that it originated in a clothing room beneath the boys' dormitory. The smoke and flames issuing on the stove five alarm those sleeping on top floor and they made their escape. Fire engines were promptly on the scene. The employees of an adjacent railway station rushed to the scene and rendered valuable assistance. The cries of the boys who were unable to escape were terrible. The odds of two boys were badly burned, but it is believed that they were suffocated before they were burned. The ages of the dead range from 7 to 12 years.

MARY ANDERSON TO MARRY.—Further reports of the fire show that it originated in a clothing room beneath the boys' dormitory. The smoke and flames issuing on the stove five alarm those sleeping on top floor and they made their escape. Fire engines were promptly on the scene. The employees of an adjacent railway station rushed to the scene and rendered valuable assistance. The cries of the boys who were unable to escape were terrible. The odds of two boys were badly burned, but it is believed that they were suffocated before they were burned. The ages of the dead range from 7 to 12 years.

Taylorville, Ill., Dec. 31.—Miss Mary Anderson received a special yesterday at the Hotel Mediterranean and said: "I want the report denied that I am to play in the 'Tempest.' I wish it were understood that I have no intention returning to the stage, at least for an indefinite period."

Mr. de Navarro and his son of New York, with whom Miss Anderson is traveling, the only persons now enjoying the company of the actress. Great intimacy has existed between them, and it is understood that this intimacy has developed into an engagement between Young Navarro and Miss Anderson. If this is so, it explains recent rumors in Mary's plan.

Ireland.

DUBLIN, Jan. 1.—Mr. Kennedy, the new Lord Mayor of Dublin, assumed his duties to-day as body guard of Mr. Sexton, the retiring Lord Mayor, consisted of a number of national Foresters attired in Lincoln Green instead of the usual body of dragoons. The trade guilds and members of the National Guard were present in the procession. A large crowd witnessed the ceremonies and much enthusiasm was displayed.

THE SESSIONS OF PARLIAMENT.—

In view of the fact that it has strong reasons to believe that Lord Salisbury will dissolve Parliament at the earliest moment.

A BOY MURDERED.—A young boy, a witness who testified in the case of a man named Daly, who as tried at Castle Island for murder, has been strangled to death at that place. A man under suspicion has been arrested on the charge of being the murderer.

England.

OXFORD, Jan. 1.—While proceeding up the river to Liverpool, this morning, the iron steamship City of Paris, Capt. Watkins, on New York, December 25, collided with an upward-bound steamer. The City of Paris was bound for Liverpool and the other for her home. The passenger on the City of Paris was greatly alarmed but nobody was hurt. A heavy fog prevailed at the time of the collision.

MISS CALDWELL AND PRINCE MURAT.—The Star says that the marriage between Miss Gwendoline Caldwell of America and Prince Murat of Russia will not go through. The Star says she will accept any allowance that Miss Caldwell may grant him.

LOLD SALISBURY'S ILLNESS.—Lord Salisbury is suffering from the influenza, is making favorable progress toward recovery.

Russia.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 1.—The *Nosco Frempa* is that the appointment by the Pope of bishops for Russia is evidence of an reactionary spirit on the part of the Papacy. The paper says, has always been alerior religious questions. Catholics in Russia are rights with Protestants, Americans and Georgians. The settlement of the papal question in Russia will probably be sent to the Vatican and will prove the Pope was right when he condemned England's interference with politics.

MISS CALDWELL IN LONDON.—

Jan. 1.—The *Siecle* has advised from Hamburg that the Czar is still confined to bed and that his doctors fear complications.

Germany.

THE ROLLING INFLUENZA.—The rapid increase in the number of cases of influenza at Wurzburg, Austria, has rendered necessary the erection of several temporary hospitals. There are 90 cases of the disease in Munich. The epidemic is spreading in Dresden.

Mexico.

OF MEXICO, via Galveston, Jan. 1.—President Diaz, at a reception given to Governor of Nebraska yesterday spoke kindly of relations between Mexico and the United States.

earnings of the Inter-Oceanic Railroad company were \$12,000,000 against \$7,000,000 for the year previous. The reception was held at the American Legation.

Marshall Mexican Foreign Minister, was taken ill last night and is continuing his bed.

The Exposition has made the best, saved Guerin's photos the best.

A TURBULENT INTERVIEW.
The Sioux Chiefs' Talk With the Indian Commissions.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 1.—The Post this morning says that it is understood the Sioux chiefs had a rather turbulent interview with the Commissioner of Indian Affairs over the subject of Indian schools. Mr. Irving Miller, Secretary of the Sioux Commission, was questioned upon the subject and said: "It is natural that the Indians should be dissatisfied with the schools at Hampton and Carlisle. In the first place from 50 to 70 per cent of the pupils at Carlisle and Hampton die within four years of their return home, due to the effects of the climate and the removal from pulmonary complaints. This is due either to the effect of the Eastern climate or to the enervating influence of closed houses of confinement. The life of the Indian should be going back to the hills and the rude savagery of their parents after the comforts of civilization. The cause of the great mortality, but the death is terrible, and the Indians object to the Eastern schools. Another objection is urged that several years in the Eastern schools are a waste of time and expense, their kinsmen failing to lose the natural gratitude and affection due their parents, whom they find on their return home. It is also argued that the schools are not bridged, while if the schools were to take the Indian children would daily take home the evidence of civilization and a better mode of living and lift their parents to a higher level.

The Sioux Commission favors the agency school plan, and it seems to have the weight of argument.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Items of Interest Gathered From Adjacent Towns.

Kahoka, Mo., Dec. 31.—The Christian Society of this place has put material on the ground for the erection of a church edifice. This will make the ninth church building in the town. The society has a membership of 125. Little Wathen of Quincy, Ill., has been enjoying her holiday vacation with friends in this city. Mr. John S. Smith, the local bigamist champion, has an overland journey at Carterhouse, Ill.—The many Christmas entertainments that were announced to take place have been very successfully conducted. Large attendance all round. Miss Clara Million of Monticello, Mo., is visiting with her brother, J. H., during this week. W. M. Mason, a lawyer from Jefferson, Ill., is visiting his law office at St. Louis, Mo., spending his holiday vacation at his home in this city. Mr. W. Robinson, the lumberman, has been on a vacation in the Adirondacks. C. A. Stanford and Dick McDermott of this city have lately purchased of the Palatine lawn association the 3-year-old house of John Depp, Jr., for \$1,000. These young men are putting new life into the breeding of this class of horses in Clark County, and the yearly exports of horses to Canada and the States are very much enhanced by their efforts in this direction. —Mr. Charles Maxwell of this city and Miss Jennie Cooley of St. Louis, who are engaged to be married during the present week.—Dick Calahan of the Keokuk Medical College visited relatives in Kankakee during the holidays.—Mr. N. T. Chappell, a Texas newspaperman and candidate for State Senator, is in the city to-day. Robert Smith of Monticello, Mo., was a visitor in the county several days last week.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 1.—The Star reported this week to spend the remainder of the holidays here with relatives.—Mr. and Mrs. Julius Moultre of St. Louis were here this week.—Miss Annie Alexander will return from Mexico, Mo., Thursday, where she has been visiting friends and for the past month.—William Blackman of Ferguson and Mr. J. Kirk Depran of St. Louis, attended the glee given by the young men Tuesday evening at the Hotel St. Louis.—Miss Anna Ayer, wife of Otto B. Ayer, of St. Louis, and James Ayer, her son, are spending the week with her father at Lindenwood College.—Rev. Mr. George B. Ayer, of St. Louis, is visiting his parents at Vevay, Ind., while a society of young ladies received calls to-day, but a number of married ladies kept quiet house to their friends.

Minneapolis, Minn., arrived this week to

see to-morrow's Post-Dispatch.

Henry M. Stanley.

STANLEY, the world's greatest explorer, has just returned to civilization. No achievement of modern times can compare with this latest expedition. The whole world is throwing up its hat and shouting: "Hurrah for Henry M. Stanley!" What does that mean to you? It means an opportunity to quickly make thousands of dollars in carrying to the people the complete history of the wonderful achievement and remarkable discoveries as contained in our great work, "Heroes of the Dark Continent"; or, "How Stanley Found Emin Pasha." It is the grandest and best. Hundreds and hundreds of beautiful and original illustrations. The book may be truly called "Pictorial Africa." Complete outfit only \$10.00, and we refund this when you have sold only ten copies. If you can give a part or all of your time to this enterprise, you will find a new El Dorado—a real live bonanza right at your door. Now is the time; do not wait a moment. Our terms are liberal; send on your \$10.00 for outfit. If you don't like it send it back and get your money. Distance is no hindrance. Books are delivered to all parts of the country promptly, and at our expense. No capital needed except cost of outfit. We can and will satisfy you in every way. Apply to

R. F. JOHNSON & CO.,
No. 1009 Main St.,
Richmond, Va.

THE GUARANTEE FUND.

CAPITALISTS ASKED TO CONTRIBUTE SOMETHING LIKE THEIR PROPORTION.

Some Large Additions to the World's Fair Fund That May Be Expected Shortly—The Railroads and the Banks—Real Estate Owners and Bondholders Derelict—An Appeal for Aid.

LESS all signs fail the opening of the new year will be immediately followed by a very large increase of the World's Fair guarantee fund. The amount already pledged figures up considerably over \$4,000,000, and within the next few days some

of the largest subscriptions yet received are expected. The fiscal year begins with the calendar year, with most corporations and the books are balanced at that time. Is not a few instances the directors have decided to make no contributions to the fund until they know just what their profits are and what sums they will be justified in giving. Almost without exception the past year has been one of unexampled prosperity and commensurate liberality is anticipated in consequence.

Two of the largest contributions, that from the railroads and that from the banks, are expected to be made within a few days. It has been decided by the banks to act together, and at the request of one or two of them the decision as to the amount to be contributed was delayed until after the annual meetings. Nearly all have already voted to donate their proportion of the assessment levied, \$400,000, and the others, it is confidently anticipated, will fall into line. The calculation of proportion is made upon the capital stock and surplus, and those on which the assessment will fall most heavily have been the ones that have most readily voted to meet it. The railroad contribution, amounting to \$1,000,000, has been delayed, owing to some controversy as to the proper proportion to be borne by the different roads. The passenger receipts of 1889 were the largest ever, and for the quarter this was objected to as unfair, on the ground that certain lines owned a part of the traffic and did not contribute as much as some other lines which were assessed lower, but whose entire trade was tributary to St. Louis.

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THE POST-DISPATCH

BRANCH OFFICES.

At the following LOCATIONS BRANCH OFFICES have been established where WANT ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTIONS will be received and where the PAPER is kept for sale:

BENTON ST.—1501.....O. Sutter
BENTON ST.—2673.....A. H. Vordick
BROADWAY—2001 N.....O. D'Amour
B'DWAY & ANGELICA, W. J. Kohrmel

BROADWAY—2613 S.....E. Gelman
BROADWAY—2807 S.....F. Hennin
BROADWAY—7683 S.....L. E. Walbel

CARR ST.—1526.....Lion Drug Store
CARR ST.—2201.....Crawley's Phar

CASS AV.—1000.....Cass Avenue Phar

CHOUTEAU AV.—1801.....H. J. A. Spilker

CHOUTEAU AV.—2354.....C. Schaefer

CLARK AV.—219.....W. E. Krueger

CLARK AV.—2248.....B. Vogt

EASTON AV.—3180.....F. C. Pauley

EASTON AV.—4161.....Fisher & Co.

EASTON AV.—4973.....G. P. Mulhall

EST GRAND AV.—1223.....T. T. Wurm

ELEVENTH ST.—370 N.....T. T. Wurm

FINNEY AV.—3887.....P. E. Fiquet

FRANKLIN AV.—1600.....C. Kilpatrick

GAMBLE ST.—2631.....A. Braun

GARRISON AV.—1016.....D. S. Littlefield

GRAND AV.—1400 N.....F. S. Fohn & Co.

GRAND AV.—1236 N.....W. D. Temple

GRAVOIS—2946.....B. Jost

HICKORY ST.—500.....Ferd. W. Sennwald

JEFFERSON AV.—300 S.....A. H. Schulte

LAFAYETTE AV.—1500.....Philip Kaut

LUCAS AV.—1700.....W. S. Fleming

LUCAS AV.—3341.....Charles C. May

LAFAYETTE AV.—2601.....Pan M. Nake

LARKET ST.—2031.....C. G. Penney

MARKEST—2846.....St. L. Phar

ENARD—1434.....G. Weinsberg

ICHIGAN & IVORY AV.....Benno Brabach

ORGAN ST.—930.....J. S. Proctor

INT'L—2025 N.....O. Claus

LIVE ST.—1800.....R. Riley

LIVE ST.—3000.....J. L. Royston

LIVE ST.—3201.....Louis Schurz

LIVE ST.—3500.....Adam B. Roth

LIVE ST.—3615.....W. R. Grant

ARK AV.—1887.....G. H. Andrews

ALINA ST.—2870.....A. P. Kaltwasser

T. LOUIS AV.—Carey's Drug Store

TAYLOR AV.—1900.....G. H. Wagner

WASHINGTON AV.—1828.....Primm's Phar

WASHINGTON AV.—2338.....T. S. Glenn

WASHINGTON AV.—2800.....J. Weine

WASHINGTON AV.—3601 Sultan's Phar

SUBURBAN.

EAST ST. LOUIS.....O. F. Kress

BELLEVILLE, ILL.....Geo. H. Stolberg

TO ADVERTISERS.

Owing to the early departure of the fast advertising service, please ask for insertion in the office before 9 o'clock Saturday night to insure insertion.

Parties advertising in these Columns and having the answers addressed in care of POST-DISPATCH, please ask for insertion in the office to give full information, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be enclosed in envelopes. Parties answering advertisements must have their replies directed to their own POST-OFFICE address.

LODGE NOTICES.

WASHINGTON LODGE, No. 24, L. O. O., will meet Friday evening, January 5, Installation of officers for new year. All are invited to attend. Visiting brethren fraternally invited.

CHAS. MESSMER, N. G., WM. HEPNER, Secretary.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Book-keepers.

ACTION sale to-morrow, 2901 Olive st., 10:30 o'clock; large lot fine furniture, etc. A. A. Selkirk.

THE Brownie Shattock

BUSINESS, SHOPKEEPING AND ENGLISH TRAINING SCHOOL, OPEN DAY AND NIGHT. Corner Broadway and Market st. Send for circular. 36

Boys.

WANTED—Boy of 17 years situation to do chores for private family. Willing more than wage. Address P. V., 948 N. 9th st., City.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Assistant bookkeeper; permanent position to competent young man, with experience, reference and salary. Address K. C. this column.

Clerks and Salesmen.

ACTION sale to-morrow, 2901 Olive st., 10:30 o'clock; large lot fine furniture, etc. A. A. Selkirk.

DO You Figure?—Farnsworth's New System of Addition solves the secret of "high"ing calculations. Write for figures. Farnsworth & Co., 1000 Pine St., Cincinnati, O.

SHORTHAND

Taught by an old court reporter. Bookkeeping, etc., by a practical accountant. Exceptional advantages offered.

Barnes' Business College, over Laclede Bank, 408 Olive st. Call. Tel. 411. 54

HAYWARD'S SHORT-

Hand and Business College, 618—220 Olive st., successor to Martin & Hayward. Est. 1876.

CONSULT your interests by advertising in the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

The Trades.

WANTED—Timers 2931 Olive st. 55

WANTED—First-class plumbers immediately, being tools. Fletcher & Co., 307 N. 12th st. 68

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—In answering advertisements in this column mention the Post-Dispatch.

WANTED—Horses to winter, E. H. Beeson, 7 miles out Olive st. road, or 419 N. 6th st. 11

For Sale.

FOR SALE—in answering advertisements under this head mention the Post-Dispatch.

Dreammakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Girls that can sew on common coats by hand. 719 Washington st. city.

General housework.

STOVE REPAIRS!

every stove or range made in the United States and at all gas ranges. 319 Chestnut st.

HELP-WANTED—FEMALE.

Cooks, etc.

WANTED—A German girl to do cooking, washing and ironing; references required. 3635 Cook av.

WANTED—A good cook for a small family; no washing or cooking, \$10 per week. Marcus av.

General Housework.

WANTED—White girl for general housework. 2801 Lincoln Park, 10th and Locust.

WANTED—A German girl for general housework. 310 Cardinal av.

WANTED—To cook for a small family; no washing or cooking, \$10 per week. Marcus av.

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STATE BANK OF ST. LOUIS

(Formerly the State Savings Association.)

CAPITAL.....\$650,000.

CHARLES PARSONS, President.

JOHN T. DAVIS (of Sam'l C. Davis & Co.), Vice-President.

M. RUMSEY, President L. M. Rumsey Manufacturing Co.

ANIEL CATLIN, President Catlin Tobacco Co.

F. SHAPLEIGH, President A. F. Shapleigh Hardware Co.

NOTICE—We now sell all kinds of any kind. Deposits received. Foreign exchange sent and sold. Letters of credit issued, available in any part of the world.

Corner Third and Olive Streets.

SURPLUS.....\$1,000,000.

JOHN H. McCUNEY, Cashier.

LOGAN TOMPKINS, Assistant Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

JOHN A. SCUDER, President New Orleans Anchor Line.

JOSEPH FRANKLIN, Vice-President Wm. Barr Dry Goods Co.

CHARLES C. MAFFITT, President Iron Mountain Co.

NOTICE—We now sell all kinds of any kind. Deposits received. Foreign exchange sent and sold. Letters of credit issued, available in any part of the world.

GAYLORD, JOHN R. BLESSING,

3RD, BLESSING & CO., Bond Brokers, 307 Olive St.

A specialty of state, County, City and

ads and carry a full line of choice Bonds for

ILROAD STOCKS.

connected with private life with Jones,

Bleeding, 3rd, B. & Co., and

to receive orders for the purchase of

stocks and bonds, for cash, and we

have some on margin. Our facilities for

ck and reliable information are unmis-

RD, BLESSING & CO.,

and Bond Brokers, 307 Olive St.

V TO START RIGHT.

ANT OMENS WHICH CLUSTER

ROUND NEW YEAR'S DAY.

First Day Sets the Pace at Which Many

Prognostications of Good and Evil-

Interesting Superstitions and Facts Con-

nected With the Day.

on the Pittsburgh Dispatch.

New Year's Day is regarded as a sort of

many point in the year's history. Only

people make new plans or new resolutions on

the day, and in many business houses new

oks are opened, while this is regarded as

a last day of grace for the delinquent cred-

tural, therefore, invest it with consider-

importance. This is true not only of this

but the whole period from Christmas to

"With day." Our holiday week

ended to include this time.

of New Year's Day, and

during the whole period,

a peculiar importance in

indicative of events of the com-

old English calendar puts it

its mouth the opening day.

It seventh like a sword will stay.

None no one would suffer fire, or

itself, to be taken out of the house,

and anything whatsoever. There is a

among the mountaineers in North

that you will continue to do through-

the year what you do on this first day.

The belief is that it is unlucky to take any-

out of the house is sometimes modified

in a way:

Take out and then take in,

It always will begin;

It will not take out,

Good luck comes about.

is still believed in France a bad thing to

any article on this day. In the North of

land new clothes are put on "for luck" on

Year's Day. It seems to have been

a propitious time for gifts, if we

go from the old widespread custom of

presenting presents then. There appears to have

a peculiar practice in England, abolition

in 1890, of giving bribes to

ites on this day. Token were be-

upon the King as late as the time of

I.

d work, "The Book of Presidents,"

sets down January 1, 2, 3, 4 and

ky days. The good luck generally at-

sists elsewhere. In Germany it is

is not who goes often to the beer

as this day ill-tempered strong and ready,

young girls think dreamlike. New

Night will come true. To insure suc-

sh maidens, before going to rest, place

pails of water in their bedrooms and pin

sealeaves of green holly to the night dress,

to the heart. In the midst of her

the sleeper will be roused by three

ells, succeeded by three laughs, and

the form of her future husband will ap-

and show his affection for her by chang-

ing his name to a Spanish maiden divine their lot for the

by going into the henhouse on New

s Eve and stirring the perch among the

meatville saying:

Cackles the hen,

You will have a man;

It is the when;

Who knows when?

BIBLICAL DIVINATIONS.

is accounted for the present time of the

to come in the Biblical predictions of

events, and this is done in the north

by the master of the household,

and the fingers with his eyes shut into

a scroll and reads the passage first

and then recites it under easy con-

holiday. New Year's Day is visible on New

a scroll and to the right of it is a scroll

with a psalm-book in one hand, a piece

in the other, and a coin in his mouth.

book opens at a bridal psalm of itself,

and holds it up to the eyes. The

old year that year.

is obscured by clouds, the seed

delayed in sprouting just so many days

of observation continues. This theory

is entirely in accordance with the

Customs of the people.

proceeded from the notion that "luck

contraries." The first month of the

year furnishes important prognostications

which are to be observed.

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